## In the name of God



## **Evaluation of rs37464444 polymorphism of mir-499 gene in patients with colon cancer compared with healthy subjects**

Behjat Kalantari Khandani, Sara Shafieipour, Amir Mobasserfar<sup>\*</sup>, Mohammad Javad Zahedi, Mohammad Hashemi, Mohammad Mahdi Hayatbakhsh Abbasi, Sodaif Darvish Moghadam, Seyed Mehdi Seyedmirzaie, Fatemeh Karami Robati

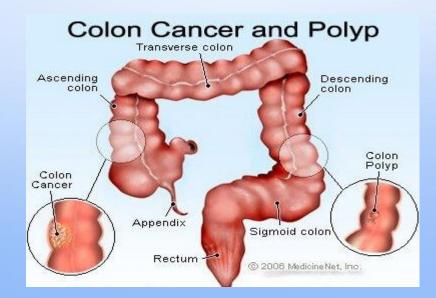
> Gastroenterology and Hepatology Research Center Department of Internal Medicine Rafsanjan University of Medical Scienses Department of Clinical Biochemistry Zahedan University of Medical Sciences Clinical Research development Unit, Afzalipour Hospital Kerman University of Medical Sciences





#### **Colon and rectal cancer**

- The third most common cancer in the world with an estimate of over 1200000 new cases per year
- Single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs) have been introduced as a new genomic source for cancer



#### Aim

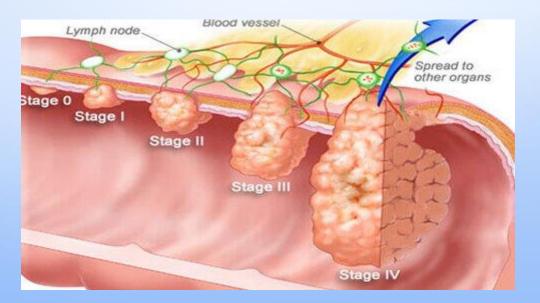
# Evaluate the rs3746444 polymorphism of miR-499 in patients with colon cancer in comparison with healthy subjects



#### Methods

- Case-control study
- Was conducted to investigate rs3746444 polymorphism of miR-499 in blood samples of case and control groups
- Patients with a confirmed diagnosis of cancer based on pathologic report were enrolled in the study as the case group and compared with healthy subjects
- The level of significance was considered at p< 0.05

- The mean of DNA count in samples was 63.17 versus 23.51 that was significantly higher in the case group.
- The rs3746444 polymorphism of miR-499 was significantly higher in patients with cancer compared to the healthy subjects (P < 0.05).



### Table 1. The frequency distribution of patients based on

the disease stage

Frequency Disease stage	No.	%
Ι	3	5.6
II	17	31.5
III	16	29.6
IV	10	18.5
Unknown	8	14.8

Table 2. The frequency distribution of patients based on the degree

of tumor differentiation

<b>Frequency</b> <b>Degree of tumor differentiation</b>	No.	%
Poorly differentiated	2	3.7
Moderately differentiated	19	35.2
Well differentiated	10	18.5
unknown	23	42.6

## **Table 3.** The Frequency distribution of patients based on the tumor area

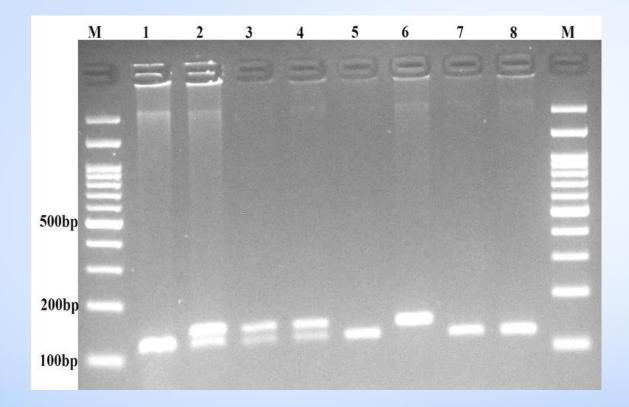
	F	%
Colon	9	16.7
Cecum	8	14.8
Rectum	14	25.9
Anal	9	16.7
sigmoid	10	18.5
Ileum	4	7.4

# **Table 4.** Frequency distribution of patients based on the tumor metastasis

metastasis	Frequency	No.	%
Distant		13	24.1
no metastasis		35	64.8
unknown		6	11.1

#### **Table 5.** Frequency of polymorphism alleles in the two groups

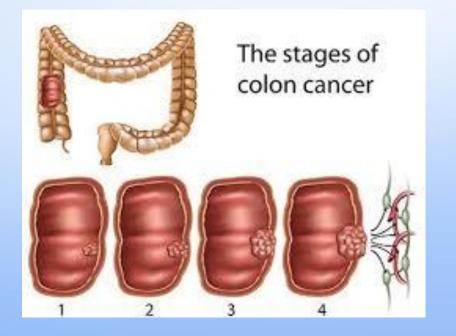
Group Polymorphism	Case	Control	Total	p.v
TT	30 (55.6)	24 (24)	54 (35.1)	
TC	16 (29.6)	28 (28)	44 (28.6)	0.001>
CC	8 (14.8)	48 (48)	56 (36.4)	



#### Figure 1. PCR sample performed on the studied samples

#### Conclusion

• rs3746444 polymorphism of miR-499 was significantly higher in patients with colon cancer, which indicated that people with this polymorphism had a higher risk for malignancy.



## Thanks for your attention